## **COMPUTER ENGINEERING (LM55)**

(Lecce - Università degli Studi)

Teaching ADVANCED CONTROL		Course year 1
TECHNIQUES	CONTROL TECHNIQUES <b>Teaching</b> ADVANCED CONTROL	Language INGLESE
GenCod A005790		
<b>Owner professor</b> GIANFRANCO PARLANGELI	Reference course COMPUTER ENGINEERING	
	<b>Course type</b> Laurea Magistrale	Location Lette
	Credits 9.0	Semester Secondo-Semestre
	<b>Teaching hours</b> Ore-Attivita-frontale: 81.0	Exam type Orale
	For enrolled in 2019/2020	Assessment Voto-Finale
	Taught in 2019/2020	<b>Course timetable</b> https://easyroom.unisalento.it/Orario
control probl systems, and numerically v	ems eventually seeking distributed cont d the solution is sought both analitical with the aid of a suitable software (Ma	rol architectures in several technological ly through direct computation and also athworks Matlab is used in the course).
Sumeency in		
Learning Outo (Conoscenze disadvantage (Capacità di giudizio) Be a how to overce (Capacità di practical prot mathematica	comes; after the course the student should e comprensione) Describe and explain the s) of the classical and modern control the applicare conoscenze e comprensione)+ aware of, describe and explain practical pro ome these drawbacks using modern appro- applicare conoscenze e comprensione)+ blem at hand, the student should be able l setting eventually seeking distributed	be able to: e main peculiarities (both advantages and eory considered in the course. (Abilità comunicative) + (Autonomia di blems of controlling complex systems, and aches. (Capacità di apprendimento) For a given e to state a control problem in a natural d architectures, based on the problem
	DNTROL This course o systems theo cyber-physica control probl systems, and numerically v Sufficiency in Learning Outo (Conoscenze disadvantage (Capacità di giudizio) Be a how to overce (Capacità di practical prot mathematica	ONTROL       Teaching in italian ADVANCED CONTROL TECHNIQUES         Teaching ADVANCED CONTROL TECHNIQUES       SSD code ING-INF/04         Reference course COMPUTER ENGINEERING       Course type Laurea Magistrale         Credits 9.0       Teaching hours Ore-Attivita-frontale: 81.0         For enrolled in 2019/2020       Taught in 2019/2020         This course offers a broad overview of fundamental and systems theory. Applications are illustrated in the file cyber-physical systems. It is aimed at providing princil control problems eventually seeking distributed contr systems, and the solution is sought both analitical numerically with the aid of a suitable software (Mat Sufficiency in calculus, linear algebra, systems and signal         Learning Outcomes; after the course the student should (Conoscenze e comprensione) Describe and explain the disadvantages) of the classical and modern control the (Capacità di applicare conoscenze e comprensione)+ giudizio) Be aware of, describe and explain practical pro how to overcome these drawbacks using modern appro- (Capacità di applicare conoscenze e comprensione)+ practical problem at hand, the student should be able mathematical setting. eventually seeking distributed

(Abilità comunicative)+(Capacità di apprendimento) Willing students may develop a project on an application of interest where to apply the methodologies developed along the course.

TEACHING METHODOLOGYLezioni frontali svolte in aula dal docente tramite l'ausilio di gesso e lavagna. Nel corso delle lezioni<br/>saranno occasionalmente illustrati e discussi software commerciali.



## ASSESSMENT TYPE

The exam is a written exam and an oral discussion, and it is aimed to determine to what extent the student has: 1) the ability to identify and use data to formulate responses to well-defined problems, 2) problem solving abilities to seek an analytical solution. Additionally, willing students may have a seminar or a project on an application of interest where the methodologies of the course are applied.

## FULL SYLLABUS

Introduction. Mathematical background and connections with other courses (2 hours). Background on Systems theory and linear algebra. Jordan form of a matrix. Linear systems, unforced response and forced response. Exponential and raise to a power of a square matrix. Stability of a linear system and Lyapunov Equation. (10 hours). Linear systems controllability and observability. Eigenvalues placement through state feedback: Rosenbrock theorem. Kalman decomposition of a linear system (7 hours). Introduction to optimal control. Extremum seeking techniques. Functionals. Normed vector spaces. Weak and strong extremum. Differentiable functionals and first variation. (7 hours) Calculus of variations, Euler equation: derivation, comments, examples (10 hours). The Bellman's optimal principle: statement, examples. Cost to go. Costate variables. The optimal control problem solved using the Bellman approach for continuous time systems: HJB equation. Derivation. Examples. (10 hours). The optimal control problem in the presence of saturation: the Pontryagin's maximum principle (6 hours). The linear quadratic optimal control problem. Statement and solution using the variational approach. (6 hours). Discussion on the issues of extending the horizon to infinity. Main theorems. Riccati and Lyapunov equations. Nonsingular solutions of the Riccati Equation. (8 hours). Multi agent systems: an introduction. Examples, main definitions. Centralized architectures vs decentralized ones. Supervisory control, distributed control. (4 hours). Some notions of Graph theory. Dynamical systems over graphs. (7 hours). The importance of consensus in various emerging fields. Consensus protocols. Consensus networks. Analysis of consensus within a multiagent dynamical system. (6 hours). Consensus problems for directed graphs. Leader-follower multiagent systems. Symmetries and equitable partitions (3 hours). Directed weighted graphs: a model for consensus networks and cyber-physical systems. Analysis, properties. Differences between directed weighted graphs and undirected weighted graphs. Examples (7 hours). Misbehaving nodes and intruders in a collaborative network . System zeros and output-nulling inputs. Rosenbrock's system matrix. Unobservable zeros and transmission zeros. (5 hours).

## REFERENCE TEXT BOOKS [1] Antsaklis, P. J., & Michel, A. N. (2006). Linear systems. Springer Science & Business Media. [2] Anderson, Brian DO, and John B. Moore, Optimal control: linear quadratic methods, Courier Corporation, 2007. [3] Bullo, F. Lectures on Network Systems, with contributions by J. Cortes, F. Dorfler and S. Martinez, Kindle Direct Publishing, 2018.

